**Define the Words**

1. "Stonewall" Jackson
   - Gave troops the will to fight. First Battle of Bull Run—Sat on his horse like a "Stone wall."

2. Merrimack and Monitor
   - First battle of ironclad ships.

3. Emancipation Proclamation
   - Slaves are free in the states still fighting the Union.

4. Gettysburg Address
   - Lincoln's speech to honor the soldiers who died in the battle of Gettysburg.

5. March to the Sea
   - Sherman's army marched through Georgia, burning buildings and crops, tearing up railroads and bridges, and stealing anything that might bring money to the Confederates.

**Time Scramble**

Unscramble the following events. Put them in order from "what happened first" to "what happened last."

**Dateline Events**
- Siege of Vicksburg is fought. June 1862
- Battle of the Seven Days is fought. June 1862
- Sherman starts March to the Sea. Nov. 1864
- Surrender at Appomattox Court House. April 1865
- First Battle of Bull Run is fought. July 1861
- Lincoln signs the Emancipation Proclamation. Jan. 1, 1863

1. First Battle of Bull Run
2. Battle of Seven Days
3. Emancipation Proclamation
4. Vicksburg
5. Sherman’s March
6. Surrender at Appomattox

**History Fill-In**

Use the words below to fill in the blanks in these sentences.

1. After the ....................... Civil War, the South’s crops and plantations were ruined.

2. ....................... Clara Barton founded the American Red Cross.

3. ....................... Robert E. Lee was the smartest general on either side in the Civil War.

4. Confederate leaders got information from spy .. Belle ............

5. Thomas J. Jackson ... got the nickname “Stonewall” in the First Battle of Bull Run.

6. William T. Sherman ... destroyed a large area of the Confederacy during his March to the Sea.

7. Ulysses S. Grant ...... wanted to welcome back the South like a long-lost brother.
**Making Connections**

Match the following people, places, and events.

**A.** The Union got control of the Tennessee River—a main Confederate shipping route.

**B.** Lincoln signed the Emancipation Proclamation after this battle.

**C.** Spent too much time drilling his men.

**D.** After this battle, the South could never again make war in the North.

**E.** Ended slavery in the U.S.

**F.** At this battle, both sides found out they were poorly trained.

**G.** Railroad town near Richmond which Grant planned to starve.

**H.** General McClellan retreated from Richmond area.

**I.** Place of the Confederate surrender.

**J.** North gained control of the Mississippi River, cutting the Confederacy in two.

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**History Mystery**

Finished early? See if you can solve this History Mystery! You may use an encyclopedia, dictionary, or another resource book to help you.

**Question:** The last surviving soldier from the Civil War died on December 19, 1959. Who was this Civil War survivor? How old was he at the time of his death? Which side did he fight for?

- Albert Henry Woolson
- 106 yrs.
- Union Army
- Drummer Boy
- Died in Duluth, MN.

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**Short Answers**

Write a short answer to each of these questions.

1. **Why did President Lincoln sign the Emancipation Proclamation?**
   - To give new life to Northern armies.
   - To show the world the U.S. was against slavery.
   - To keep France & England out of the war.
   - To make Blacks want to join the Union Army.

2. **What was the South like at the end of the war?**
   - Crops and plantations ruined.
   - Cities are burned out.
   - Railroads, bridges, and factories destroyed.
   - Mills, cotton gins and homes destroyed - food & livestock gone.
   - Churches & schools gone.
   - People homeless.
   - No money.

3. **What contributions did women make in the Civil War?**
   - Nurses
   - Spies
   - Messengers
   - A few wore the uniform.
   - Worked in offices and factories.
LOOKING BACK: A Dateline Review

Dateline Match

Match the following people, places, and events.

C. 1. Monitor
F. 2. Ulysses S. Grant
J. 3. women
A. 4. Battle of the Seven Days
I. 5. Clara Barton
B. 6. William T. Sherman
G. 7. First Battle of Bull Run
D. 8. Siege of Vicksburg
E. 9. Appomattox Court House
H. 10. Battle of Shiloh

A. McClellan tries again to take Richmond and fails
B. Destroyed many things in the South
C. Union's new ironclad ship
D. Gave the Union control of the Mississippi River
E. The place where Lee and his soldiers surrendered
F. Said he would win the war by making "total war" on the Confederacy
G. First major battle of the war
H. Took place in the west—Tennessee
I. Helped in the battlefield at Antietam as a nurse
J. Helped in the Civil War by working in factories making ammunition

Definitions

Define these words.

1. 13th Amendment
   Ended slavery in the U.S.

2. General Sherman
   Marched to the sea through Georgia to bring total war to the South.

3. Robert E. Lee
   Smartest General in the Civil War. He won battles he should have lost.

4. Siege of Petersburg
   Grant planned to take Richmond by cutting the rail line and starving them.

5. Gettysburg Address
   Speech given by Lincoln to honor the war dead at the new cemetery at Gettysburg.

In Their Shoes

Pretend you are there. What would you do if...

1. You are General Grant. How would you have handled the Confederate surrender? Why?

2. You are President Lincoln. When would you have signed the Emancipation Proclamation? Why?
### Table Talk
Use the empty table below to put this information in order.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abraham Lincoln</th>
<th>Union Wins/Leaders</th>
<th>Confederate Wins/Leaders</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Emancipation Proclamation</td>
<td>Battle of Gettysburg</td>
<td>&quot;Stonewall&quot; Jackson</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gettysburg Address</td>
<td>William T. Sherman</td>
<td>1st Battle of Bull Run</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>US Grant</td>
<td>Robert E. Lee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vicksburg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### History Plugs
Use the words below to fill in the blanks in these sentences.

**Gettysburg Address**
1. Blacks were able to help in the war after the Emancipation Proclamation.
2. The South had the top generals in the war.
3. The Gettysburg Address was a speech Lincoln gave at the Battlefield of Gettysburg.

**South**
4. Lee and his soldiers surrendered to Grant after Richmond was captured.
5. "Stonewall" Jackson was killed at the Battle of Chancellorsville.

**surrendered**
6. Because of the Civil War, no man can own another man as a slave.

**"Stonewall" Jackson**
7. Lincoln signed the Emancipation Proclamation after the Battle of Antietam.

**Battle of Antietam**

**Civil War**

**blacks**

### Riddle Madness
How history-wise are you? See if you can answer the Dateline Riddle below.

1. Took place in Georgia.
2. "A state-wide cookout."
3. Union soldiers took a destruction hike.

Your answer please: March to the Sea.